ROYAL **Baking Powder**

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

HOYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YOR

BACK IN HIS PULPIT.

A LARGE, SYMPATHETIC CONGRE-GATION GREETS DR. HOGE.

HIS SERMON A BRILLIANT ONE.

and Hall and Hon, Thomas F. Bayard-Expression of Love for

Rev. Dr. Moses D. Hoge preached to congregation Sunday morning for the ret time in many months. He also conted the entire service in the absence Rev. Mr. Guthrie, who had been is stendance upon the session of synod.

The occasion was a notable one in the story of the Second Presbyterian burch and its remarkable paster. There was a great outpouring of the people, in uding many from other churches, and the service was impressive and significant Soldom in his ministry of over half a century has this distinguished divine reached sermons that awakened such and widespread interest. The music was especially sweet and patheti and in perfect unison with the spirit of

Dr. Hoge was looking rather thinner and more pale than usual as a result of his long and critical illness, through which the prayers of so many people in all parts of the country went up in his behalf, but he spoke with his accustomed is reference to the recent deaths of Dr Barnett, Dr. Hall, and Mr. Bayard. After the sermon hundreds of people crowde. around the beloved minister and congratulated him upon his return to the pulpit, the evident improvement in his health, and the fine, cheerful sermon he

BOTH SADNESS AND JOY. Dr. Hoge based his sermon on Pslams

BOTH SADNESS AND JOY.

Dr. Hoge based his sermon on Pslams, vill., Il:

"Why art thou cast down, O my soul, and why art thou disquieted within me? Hope thou in God, for I shall yet praise Him, who is the health of my countenance and my God."

"This psalm is not wholly joyous throughout," said the speaker. "It ends triumphantly, but in its progress there are notes of deepest sadness. It reminds us of the turbulence of a storm, when the wind shakes the forest until the trees groan and smite one another, while clouds hide the sun and cast a portentous gloom over the scene, until by and by there is a pause in the tempest, a hush in the uproar, a riff in the sky, and as the light returns the carol of the little bird is heard as it sings in the tree-top, and nature smiles and rejoices in the new glory that glids the earth. So in this psalm David recalls to mind the painful passages in his life. He had traversed a waterless desert, in which he was parched with thirst. He had come to a desolate period in his life, when he thought God had forgotten him. He was in an abyss where deep called unto deep. He was on a sea where all the was in an abyss where deep called unto deep. He was on a sea where all the was in an abyss where deep called unto deep. He and the faint, far-off voice of the man sinking deeper and still deeper in the unfathomable gloom.

"But these were not his only rememberances; some notes of gladness mingled with his plaintive song. He could recall gracious providences at the Jordan, in the land of the Hermonites, and on the hill Mizer. He could speak of loving kindness in the daytime and songs in the night. He could declare. "I shall yet praise him, who is the health of my countenance, and my God." During the time of his despest despondency he entered into searching inquiries as to the cause of his disquietude. His self-examination was faithful and thorough. There must be a reason for his despondence, and he would ascertain it, cost what it might. Why art thou cast down. O my soul; and why art thou cast d

"Here we see that the soul had a strange power of going out of itself and conversing with itself as with another. It can reason with its own faculties, question its own conscience, and await a verdict of condemnation or acquittal for its own conduct.

THE QUESTION OF THE SOUL.

THE QUESTION OF THE SOUL.

""Why art thou cast down, O my soul?"
Who asks that question? No outward voice from earth or Heaven; it is the soul talking with itself. Well would it be for us if we would cultivate this habit of going out of ourselves to counsel, to examine, to rebuke, or to cheer our own hearts. God has given us memory, and reason, and imagination for this purpose. We exercise our memory and our tenson more frequently than our imagination, and fall to make a proper use of the because we confound imagination with tancy or fiction, overlooking the fact that imagination is a conception—a realization of the unseen. It pictures to the an unseen Saviour, an unseen Heaven; and like faith it enables us to apprehend the things hoped for as a present possession, we do not make enough for the imagination. It was a Scriptural imagination that composed the Pilgrim's Progress; a sabetified imagination that wrote Paralise Regained. Since God has given us hese faculties, let us employ them for the purpose for which they were believed. We live in an executive rather han a contemplative age. As an antitote to this, let us spend more time in elf-communion. "Tis greatly wise to alk with our past hours and ask them chat report they bore to Heaven." It is really wise to catechise ourselves, to short, to scrutinize, to chide, to sit in pigment on our own characters and ves."

OUR TWO NATURES.

Continuing his brilliant discourse, which the Dispatch is unable to print in full for want of space, Dr. Hoge said it was possifor us to look into our own lives and haracters, because man has two na tures—a higher because conscience, which has been called God's vicegerent, was orsined to sit like an impartial judge, to ondemn or acquit according to the facter of our conduct; a lower nature, dominated by evil principles or passions. The speaker discussed these two natures at some length, pointed out the causes of our despondency, all traceable to sin, and declared that in the vicissitudes common to human life in all generations we have our disquietudes and heart sinkings as David had, caused chiefly by our own in dwelling corruption. He continued:

dwelling corruption. He continued:

"But it is not always the case that spiritual dejection is due to forgotten yows, or to any special transgression. Life is not all one long day of sunshine, even to the devout believer. Painful providences often perplex him, heavy cares oppress him, crushing bereavements overwhelms him; there are insoluble mysteries even in revelation itself, which seem to baffie all investigation and to elude all explanation.

"The entrance of sin into the world, the

transmission of a tainted, fallen nature to all generations for the sin of the representative head, the fact that truth is so often on the scaffold and tyranny on the throne, that the most upright character may be branded and blackened beyond the power of earthly vindication, the unexpected cutting down of so many eminent men, distinguished for usefulness, making the werld poorer by the loss, the spectacle of the whole creation groaning and travalling in pain with a God of infinite power sitting at the top and watching it all—0, my friends, these are some of the things which have weighed down and almost crushed some of the noblest spirits in their attempts to solve these unfathomable mysteries.

ALLUSIONS TO EMINENT MEN.

ALLUSIONS TO EMINENT MEN. ALLUSIONS TO EMINENT MEN.

"In the discussion of this point I have referred to the sorrow occasioned by the death of men eminently endowed with gifts which qualified them for useful service. In this sorrow I share to-day, whon I remember the privation we have suffered in the loss of my honored brother, the Rev. Dr. Barnett, of Augusta, whose church it was my privilege to dedicate, and whose career as pastor and preshyter, and whose unswerving devotion to all the duties of his holy calling won for him an ever-deepening respect and affection on the part of those who knew him best as the years have gone by.

"And what a biank, greatly to be deplored, has been made in the roll of the faithful preachers of the Word, whose duty and delight it is to bear up the banner of the pure Gospel in the eyes of the unnumbered multitude, by the removal of Dr. John Hall from the wide field of his earthly labors.

"And what shall I say of the sorrow of all who revere the patriot sage and incorruptible statesman, in contemplating

"And what shall I say of the sorrow of all who revere the patriot sage and incorruptible statesman, in contemplating the death of the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, who gave new dignity to the highest positions of trust which his country could bestow upon him? Descended from a noble ancestry, he not only maintained the family honor, but added new lustre to it. Like his great progenitor, he was without fear and without reproach. No reflection could be made on his integrity, ind never by the sacrifice of principle did he seek emolument or office. For more than thirty years I was honored by his friendship and by many tokens of his regard. During my least visit to London it was my privilege to be his guest, and he laid me under new obligations by giving me introductions to men upon whose attentions I had no claim beyond the fact that his position as Ambassador made him socially the peer of any prince or prelate, and secured for any one whom he befriended a courtesy which otherwise would not have been accorded to an unknown stranger.

"On yesterday the funeral services were d not have been accorded to an un-rin stranger.

Tyesterday the funeral services were and but for circumstances I could control I would have been one of nourners beside the bier.

"To treurn from this digression, let me say, in the next place, that despondence may arise from the believer's conviction of the slow development of his own spiritual life; his inability to reach the standard presented in the Scriptures and illustrated in the history of so many eminent saints; or his grief may be due to the fact that he sees no fruit of his labor, though he has tried to devote himself to the active service by which men may be benefited and God may be glorified. He has labored faithfully and perseveringly in behalf of those in whom he has every reason to feel the deepest interest, but all his efforts seem to be in vain. The diligent Sunday-school teacher may see no evi-TO TRUST IS THE REMEDY.

of those in whom he has every reason to feel the deepest interest, but all his efforts seem to be in vain. The diligent Sunday-school teacher may see no evidence that he has succeeded in impressing the minds and hearts of the children committed to his charge. His class is his parish; he is the pastor of a little flock; yet he fancies he has falled to lead the lambs into the green pastures of God's grace. The Christian parent, too, is disheartened when he finds that the dear children for whom he has wept and prayed are still obcurate and impenitent. The husband desponds while waiting for the conversion of his wife; or, more frequently, the wife is full of angulsh in her yearning for the saivation of her husband; or the pastor who has expounded the great truths of God's word from Sabbath to Sabbath, who has unfolded the rich doctrines of grace, and plied his hearers with the terrors of the law and the mercles of the cross, only to find that they are neither alarmed or allured, goes from the pulpit to his house sadly saying: Tord, who hath believed our report, and to whom hath Thine arm been revealed? All these varied causes of dejection may weigh down a sympathetic soul, and yet under any one, or under all, there is sure relief and a Heaven-ordained remedy. I will trust and not be afraid. 'Though the fig-tree does not biossom, and though the fig-tree does not biossom, and the fields yield no meat, yet will I rejoice in the Lord; I will hope in God, for I shall yet praise Him, who is the health of my countenance and my God.' Though He slay me, yet will I trust in Him.' The man who under all discouragements can yet praise Him, who is the health of my countenance and my God. "Though He slay me, yet will I trust in Him. The man who under all discouragements can maintain this sublime confidence is already wearing the invisible crown; the beauty of the Lord God is upon him, and in the day of his final, visible coronation he will be registered and openly recognized among the regnant, kingly men of the race.

HOPE A CELESTIAL GRACE.

"Hear then the conclusion of the whole matter: 'hope thou in God.' Hope is a celestial grace, standing between fatth and charity, each holding her by the hand. We cannot make too much of hope, because of the solace and comfort it brings to the disquieted and sorrowing. It comes like a soothing balm to the sorrowing heart, like an exhilarating cordial to the fainting spirit, it cheers the sick man as it whispers to him promises of recovery, it gives new vigor to the strong man, battling with the forces which impede his progress, it does not desert the aged when—

"The soul's dark cottage, battered and HOPE A CELESTIAL GRACE.

The soul's dark cottage, battered and et in new light through chinks which time has made.

time has made.

Hope is to be cherished, not only because it is the consoler under disappointments and sorrow, but because it is the incentive to so much that is heroic and grand in human enterprise and achievement. What, think you, could give courage and endurance to the Henry Martins, the Judsons, the Duffs, the great missionaries who have planted the cross among unnumbered millions in heathen lands, and through long years of unrequited toil, still anticipating with joyous assurance the dawn of the day when the wilderness and the solitary places should be made glad by the Gospei, when the desert should rejoice and blossom as the rose, and the warring kingdoms of the world become the kingdoms of the Prince of Peace? But the Pealmist does not rise to the height of his great argument until he tells us of the firm foundations of his hope. 'Hope thou in God, who is



In the olden times, physicians accounted physicians accounted wise, searched vainly for the Elixir of Life, or the knowledge whereby life might be prolonged. We now know that there is no such thing as an Elixir of Life. But we have learned that life may be prolonged by those who take the right measures.

Any man or woman who will take care of health and take the right remedies for ill health, may live to a ripe old age. When a man feels out of sorts, when he gets up in the morning tired out after a restless night, and goes home in the evening completely knocked out with his day's work, without appetite or ambition, he is a sick man. If he does not take the right remedy he will soon be in the grasp of consumption, nervous prostration, malaria, or some other serious malady. other serious malady.

other serious malady.

A man in this condition should at once resort to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the best of all medicines for hard-working men and women. It makes the appetite keen and hearty. It gives sound and refreshing sleep. It topes and strengthens the whole system. It invigorates the heart and nerves. It makes digestion perfect, the liver active and the blood pure. It cures of per cent. of all cases of consumption. It strengthens weak lungs, and cures bronchitis, spitting of blood and obstinate coughs. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It does not make flabby flesh like cod liver oil, but firm, healthy, nuscular tissue. It does not make corpulent people more corpulent. Thousands have testified to its marvelous merits. Sold by all medicine dealers. Sold by all medicine dealers.

You know what you want. It is not a dealer's business to tell you.

Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free copy of the "People's Common Sense Medical Adviser. For paper-covered copy enclose 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only. Cloth-bound 31 stamps.

THE LIFE LINE

The Slender Cord Which Means Life or Eternity.

Dr. Greene's Nervurn the Great Health and Life Saver.

Its Wonderful Power to Cure Everywhere Making the People Well.

He would be a foolish man who, finding himself drifting down a rapid stream to a dangerous cataract, refused a line thrown to him to draw him into safety, preferring to trust to chance to reach the bank. Such a course would be thought simply suicide. And yet those who have ost vitality and vigor, who are suffering from weakness, vital exhaustion, nervous prostration, rheumatism, stomach trouble, kidney and liver complaints, caused by overwork, excesses, worry or exposure, and spend their time and money experimenting with medicines which do not cure, are doing something very like the drifting The real safety for the suffering the weak, and prostrated lies in Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, the greatest nerve and blood medicine the world has ever known, and the surest cure you can possibly take. This is the life-line that is thrown out to those in danger from disease. Thousands have danger from disease. Thousands have availed themselves of this means of safety, and to-day are rejoicing that they used

Mrs. Emma Blodgett, 48 Sixth street, Dover, N. H., used it and got well, you can do the same if you will only try She says: "I had a severe trouble



difficulty with my stomach, such as the beiching of gas, and the usual pain and distress of a dyspeptic. I tried to distress of a dyspeptic. I tried Dr Greene's Nervura blood and nerve reme dy, and it proved a blessing to me. I think everything of it, and feel that I could not live without it. I had a friend in Brockton by the name of Mrs. Albert Howes. She had neuralgia around the heart, and was confined to her bed, being unable to help herself. I recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura, and she sent for a bottle and commenced using it. Mrs. Howes was so bad she could not turn in bed without attacks of acute and dis-tressing pain, but after using four bottles of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy the pain left her, and in two weeks she was out of bed. It was, in my opinion, a great victory for Dr. Greene's edicine, and I always recommend it to sufferers wherever I meet them."

Don't delay-use it now and accept no substitute, for Dr. Greene's Nervura has no equal as a nerve and blood remedy in the world.

Dr. Greene, 35 west Fourteenth street, New York city, is the most noted and successful specialist of the day, and can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Use his great remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura, and consult him freely, if you de-

its author, who has made hope for man and made man for this hope.

AN EXPRESSION OF GRATITUDE. AN EXPRESSION OF GRATITUDE. In conclusion, Dr. Hoge said: 'It is not my habit to introduce personal matters into my sermons, but after so many weeks of enforced silence, through so severe and serious illness, I cannot restrain the wish to express my gratitude to God for permitting me to stand again in this pulpit and speak once more to the people of my first and only love as a pastor. For what I have recently suffered I have had so many compensations that I would be ungrateful indeed if I did not express my thankfulness for numberless telegrams and letters during my absence, assuring me of the sympathy and affection of those to whom I have so long ministered; grateful that I have been the subject of so many prayers, at family altars, and in the congregations of my brethren who remembered me in leading the devotions of their people. Some pastor must be the happiest pastor in the world, and sometimes I think I may be the one. I can say what, perhaps, few can say, that I am satisfied with my lot. For more than fitty years there has been no church in the world which I would be willing to take in exchange for this.

"During my recent separation from your behalf, because of my entire confidence in the discretion, the wisdom, and the fidelity of my dear friend and colleague, Donald Guehrle. God has blessed his labors of love to some who united by public profession with this church at your last communion.

"How it would rejoice my heart if this In conclusion, Dr. Hoge said: "It is not

"How it would rejoice my heart if this "How it would rejoice my heart if this my first sermen on my return, should be the means of leading some soul to Christ, or of strengthening and comforting one of God's dear children. I have nothing more to wish for as pastor, except the abundant outpouring of the spirit of all grace and the happy conversion of some in whom I feel a deep and tender interest, and who will, as I trust, soon be able to say, 'I hope in God, and I will yet praise Him who is the health of my countenance and my God."

WHEELER GOING TO CUBA.

Understands He Will Have Charge of Santa Clara.

WASHINGTON, October 3 .- Major-General Wheeler, who reached here last night, was at the White House and had a brief interview with the President to-

General Wheeler said his only mission here was to testify before the war investigating commission, which had summoned him as a witness, and that after being examined he would leave immediately for his camp, at Huntsville, Ala. General Wheeler stated, on leaving the President, that his future plans were no finally decided upon, though he said h understood that he would be sent t Cuba, with his army division, to take charge of Santa Clara province. He ex-pected that he would be able to get around to resume his seat in Congressearly in the session, though of that he was not certain. "I feel," he said, "that President McKinley has given me the pestow upon me, and I will act as he firects. I will stay in the service at long as he says he wants me to do so and when he feels that there is no further actual need of my services, I will

General Wheeler's division, which is to assemble at Huntsville preparatory to being sent to Cuba, consists of the Second, Fifth. Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, and Tenth regular cavalry.

WINTER CAMPS FOR TROOPS. Decision That They Be Located in

the Middle South. WASHINGTON, October 3 .- The following statement was given out at the

War Department to-day:
"The Secretary of War, being questioned as to the quartering of troops during the winter, has had the matter undercareful consideration, and has decided, for the good of the service and the welfare of the men, that they should be in open camps, in a climate in which in the

winter they can drill and have open air. To put the troops in buildings in large cities in the North would in a measure deprive them of the drill discipline and target practice necessary to fitting soldiers for active service in the field. Moreover, the discipline of the troops will thus be maintained very much better and more effectually than near large cities. The troops, therefore, will be quartered in the Middle Scuthern States, where they can live in tents, as provided by the plan of the quartermaster-general, which gives the quartermaster-general, which gives a stove to every three tents joined to gether, two sleeping-rooms, and one sit-

The Secretary of War directed a board of experienced army officers to visit the different sites for the purpose of selecting these camps, and has left the matter to their judgment, which, however, meets with his full approval."

YELLOW-FEVER SITUATION.

Nothing to Support Sensational Rumors-Many Surgeons Provided. WASHINGTON, D. C., October 3.-The Marine Hospital officials say there is nothing to bear out the rumors that the yellow-fever conditions at New Orleans are considerably worse than reported. These rumors have reached the bureau, and have caused some uneasiness, but there has been nothing confirmatory of them. The State bulletin shows 121 cases and 2 deaths up to date.

The surgeon-general has supplemented the force of resident physicians with an unusually large number of Federal surgeons. At present the Marine Hospital staff at New Orleans consists of Surgeon Carter, Past Assistant-Surgeons Wasden and Stone, and Assistant-Surgeons Lumslen and Clarke, attached to the Marine Hospital at that port. Not far from New Orleans Surgeon Kaloch and two hospi tal stewards are at work. Past Assist-ant-Surgeon Lavender is at Baton Rouge ant-Surgeon Lavender is at patch rouge, and Assistant-Surgeon Cummings at Jackson. By this disposition of a large staff of Federal surgeons, the authorities here feel that everything possible is being done to cope with the disease.

Past Assistant-Surgeon Cobb, with four resistants trained in relief work has

assistants, trained in relief work, has been given charge of the district comprising Taylor's, Orwood, and Oxford. Dr. Stimson is at Fulton, Ky., in charge of train inspection in Mississippi and Western Tennessee. He has twenty-five men under him. At Chattanooga Assistant-Surgeon Oakley, with a corps of sanitary inspectors, is in charge of train transportation through Northern Ala-bama and entering Chattanooga. Dr.

Porter is at Atlanta. The surgeon-general received a report to-day from Harriston, Miss., stating that fever of a mild type has appeared

THE STORM OF SUNDAY.

Due Warning Given of It by New Service.

WASHINGTON, October 3.-Special wes ther bulletin:

"The storm which Sunday broke with such fury over the Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina coast was detected at its ception Thursday morning by means of the recently established West Indian weather service. Its approach was fully shown by the new cordon of stations, and during daylight on Saturday warnings of the coming storm were complete-

ered by the storm on Sunday.
"The storm has now moved to West Central Georgia, decreasing in energy and losing its character as a hurricane. probable that if it moves northward at all it will be of such a mild character as to create no further damage, except as might result from heavy downpourings of rain. However, special observations wil be taken in the middle Atlantic States for the purpose of giving timely warnings, in case the storm should again give evidence of increasing to such proportions as would be dangerous to shipping.
(Signed) "WILLIS L. MOORE,

"Chief of Weather Bureau."

HENRY GEORGE DECLINES.

Chicago Platform Democratic Com mittee Nominates Heary McDonald. NEW YORK, October 3.-Henry George has declined the nomination for Governor on the ticket placed in the field by the Chicago-platform Democrats, and the mmittee having authority to fill the vacancy nominated Henry McDonald, of the county of New York, for the place.

Mr. George, in his letter, says that by pursuing uninterruptedly the duty of writing his father's biography he can do more for the principles of freedom than by engaging actively in politics.

by engaging actively in politics.

Mr. George continues: "I should say,
in justice to myself and to those who
honestly advanes the silver question to
the rank of first importance, that I am no more than my father was an advono more than my father was an advo-cate of free coinage. He condemned its economic soundness, being, in fact, a be-liever neither in gold nor in silver, but in credit or paper money."

Henry McDonald, nominated in Mr. George's stead, is a lawyer of this city, and was formerly a banker in South

and was formerly a banker in South Dakota. He is a member of the New York Bimetallic Association.

HOBSON CHANGES HIS PLAN.

Working on Vizcaya-Will Next Go to Oquendo-Colon the Last.

SANTIAGO, October 3.-Ldeutenant Hobson has arrived here on a visit. He changed his programme and worked on the Vizcaya in recovering her guns. Tomorrow divers will make a final examination of the Vizcaya's bottom, in the hope that there is a bare possibility of raising the ship. Lieutenant Hobson will after-ward proceed to the wreck of the Almirante Oquendo and take off her guns, leaving the Cristobal Colon until the last.

Lieutenant Hobson has recovered the glasses which he had on in the Merrimae glasses which he had on in the Merrimac.
While looking overboard in the clear
water one day, he say what he thought
might be his glasses. He dived overboard
and discovered that the object he had
seen was that for which he had been and shipped north to friends in New

ANXIETY AT PEKING.

Foreign Fleet Assembling at Tien Tsin-Guards for Legations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 3.-The State Department has received the folowing cablegram from Minister Conger at Peking:
"There is no serious danger yet, but

onsiderable anxiety for the future. foreign fleet is assembling at Tien-Tsin. Some of the ministers are ordering marines to Peking for legation guards.

Savannah the Embarkation Point. WASHINGTON, October 3.—Secretary Alger to-day announced that Savannah, Ga., had been selected as the point of embarkation for all troops which may hereafter be sent to Cuba or Porto Rico.

It is stated at the War Department that Savannah was selected because it afforded the best facilities.

GIGANTIO FRAUDS IN NEW YORK. "For Colds and They Are Discovered in Asphalt NEW YORK, October 2.-Mayor Throat Troubles Wyck made a statement to-day to the effect that the Commissioner of Accounts had discovered signatic frauds in the asphalt paving contracts. District-Attorney Gardiner will prosecute the men charged with participating in the frauds.

our regular standard medicine is

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral" J. HEYWOOD, A.M.,

Professor of Mathematics, Otterbein University, Westerville, O. HALF-SIZE BOTTLES, SOC.

THE BRAZILIAN MINISTER.

Railroad Presidents, Supreme Court, Judges, and Other Great Men Tell of Dr. R. C. Flower's Marvel-

Salvadore Mendonca has been for years the Minister Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary for the Brazilian Government at the city of Washington.

In answer to a question as to what he thought of Dr. R. C. Flower as a physician, he said: "Both myself and wife regard Dr. R.- C. Flower as the greatest physician this world has ever produced, We both have been patients of his and cured, when given up as incurable by the best physicians of Brazil, of France, and the United States, Why, sir," said this distinguished foreigner, "Dr. Flower is a medical prodigy; he is an intellectual and medical wonder-in my opinion, the ablest and most successful man in his profession on earth. He can tell any sick person his disease without asking a question, better than the patient can tell him. Besides being a skilled, able, scientific, and brainy man, Dr. Flower is an infallible diagnostitian, and these are the reasons he cures the most hopeless, incurable cases, after all other efforts have failed."

A thousand times has Joe Jefferson, the actor, our only "Rip Van Winkle," been quoted as saying what he delights so in saying, that "Dr. R. C. Flower is the most wonderful physician and man he ever knew; that he cured him of malignant malady, after the medical brains of the world had failed to give him re-

"This city is in a great state of excite

ment. One hundred and fifty coal-miners

from Pana, Ill., came here yesterday af-

masked, and visited all the shacks where

colored miners live. About fifty negroes were corralled, and at the point of pis-

LOSS OF LIFE UNCONFIRMED.

CINCINNATI, O., October 3.-Advice

from Washington, Ind., to-day are to the effect that no renewal of last night's

riotous proceedings has occurred. It is understood that the men who drove the

negro miners from their homes last night

were mostly miners who had been dis-

charged from these mines some time ago and had since been employed at Pana, Ill.

and elsewhere. There is no confirmation to-day of loss of life in last night's pro-

NEGROES HOUSES WRECKED.

CINCINNATI, O., October 3.—A Times-star special from Washington, Ind., says: The houses in which the negroes resided

are badly wrecked. Several of the imported laborers are to be seen upon the

streets to-day, and it is thought that the whites will make another raid upon them to-night, as they are determined to rid the county of non-union miners. Pub-

ANOTHER ATTACK EXPECTS.

WASHINGTON, IND., October 3.—At 9 o'clock to-night everything is quiet, but the police expect another attack by the strikers on the negroes. There have been

no new developments to-day. The negroes

who were driven out last night returned to-day, and organized so as to be ready

TROOPS MUST LEAVE PORTO RICO.

One-Fourth of Them Stek-Convales-

cents Can't Recuperate There.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Pres.)

PONCE, PORTO RICO, September 27.

on of the medical staff of the

It is the well-grounded and unanimous

American army in Porto Rico that the

condition of the American forces here

necessitates their removal. Sickness is increasing, and has been increasing du-ring the past three weeks, at an alarm-ing rate. Two thousand seven hundred

ing rate. Two thousand seven hundred are in the hospitals and in quarters, out of a total command of 10,000 men-that is, over 25 per cent. of the troops are on the sick list. The medical officers have

found that the convalescents seemingly cannot recover their strength in this and for this reason they

being sont north as rapidly as possible-several hundred every week. Four hun-dred will go on the Obdam and the Re-

It is a significant fact that there is a

wide disparity between the sickness in

the volunteer and that in the regular commands. In the two regular regiments the sick average only about 10 per cent., while in the volunteer regiments it ave-

WARSHIPS ORDERED TO CHINA.

American Interests.

WASHINGTON, October 3 .- Secretary

Long, upon advices received at the State

Department, showing the extent of the

threatening conditions in China, has or-

the Baltimore and the Petrel.

It is said that the Baltimore will not be able to get beyond the Taku forts, at the entrance of the Pang He river, upon which Pekin is situated. But the Petrel,

being of smaller proportions, may be able to reach Tien-Tsin, eighty miles above the mouth, and about the same distance

below Pekin.
Secretary Long said that the sole purpose of ordering the Baltimore and Petrel to Tien-Tsin was to safeguard American interests, and protect the life and property of American citizens, in the event of an outbreak in the interior, Tien-Tsin being the nearest post to Pekin accessi-

D. J. HILL SUCCEEDS MOORE.

College President Becomes First

Assistant Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, October 3.-The Presi-

Paving Contracts.

Baltimore and the Petrel.

rages 34 per cent.

elow Pekin.

dered him.

to repel any new attack.

lic sympathy is with the strikers.
ANOTHER ATTACK EXPECED.

The splendid cure by Dr. R. C. Flower

Ind., savs:

ceedings.

The above is taken from an article by Professor O. L. Carpenter, in the Baltimore American, entitled "Can the Diagnostic Powers of Dr. R. C. Flower be Explained from Natural Causes?"

Those who would know more of Dr. R. C. Flower and his wonderful work in curing the sick should send a 3-cent postage stamp to the Flower Medical Association, 151 west Thirty-fourth street, New York city, for their new work, entitled "Dr. Flower's Great Work in the Sick Room," which will be sent (postage paid) free. Colonel Casimir H. Andel, who is cashle NEGROES DRIVEN OFF. Colonei Casimir H. Andel, who is casher of the First National Bank of Belleville, Ill., was found guilty of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violating the sixty-second article of war, and was ordered to be suspended from his rank and command for the period of six months, and to forfeit half of his pay during that time. He was also found guilty of several specifications in the charges. Indiana Miners Determined to Get Rid of Them. CINCINNATI, O., October 2 .- A Commercial Tribune special from Washington,

also found guilty of several specifications in the charges.

Major L. E. Bennat was found guilty of violation of the same article of war, and was ordered reprimanded by the commanding officer, which was done.

Lieutenant-Colonel MeWilliams and Major Lang, also tried before the court-martial, were acquitted.

The First Louislana Regiment was today mustered out of the service of the United States, and left to-night for Louisiana. ternoon and met at the Fair-Grounds with

Pennsylvania railroad, after the medi

ton, but later of Cuban fame, says: "Dr. Flower cured me of Bright's disease of the kidneys, and my sister of consumption, after prominent physicians had pronounced us incurable. If the sick men

and women of this country, who value health, youth, and life, would only take a second, sober thought, they would go at once—if they had to cross a Conti-

nent to do so-and consult the most won-derful and successful of all living physi-

The above is taken from an article by

the home union miners and organized. At 10 o'clock last night they got together, tols were driven out of town. One regre-refused to go, and the miners fired on him. He has not been found, and is said to be killed. The police could do no-

BIMETALLIC WAYS AND MEANS.

Committee Appointed by Chairman Jones-"Coin" Harvey to Manage. CHICAGO, October 3.-The Hon, James

A. Jones, of Arkansas, chairman of the National Democratic Committee, has appointed ex-Governor William J. Stone, of Missouri; ex-Governor John P. Altgeld. of Illinois; Senator William V. Allen, of Nebraska, and Senator Henry M. Teller, of Celorado, to act in conjunction with himself as a committee on ways and means. This committee has addressed the following letter to Mr. William H. Harvey (Coin), of Chicago:

"Mr. William H. Harvey, Dear Sir: The undersigned Committee on Ways and Means to further the cause of bimetallism and the overthrow of the corrupt Republican domination in this country, tenders you the position of general manager of its work. You will observe that the committee represents not only the Democratic party, but the allied forces that are working with it for the protection of the republic and free institutions, and it is in a spirit of harmony and true patriotism that we desire your assistance. (Signed)

"JAMES K. JONES, "WILLIAM J. STONE, # "JOHN P. ALTGELD, "WILLIAM V. ALLEN, "HENRY M. TELLER."

Mr. Harvey has notified the committee of his acceptance of the position, and has opened an office in the Unity building in

this city.

Obdam's Captain Relieved. (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)
PONCE, PORTO RICO, September 27.—
Captain R. M. Pugsley, navigator of the transport Obdum, was relieved from duty on that ship's arrival here on Saturday. The order relieving him was issued by General Henry, upon the representation of Captain Walter Allen, the United States quartermaster in charge of the vessel, who alleged that Captain Pugsley had been insubordinate, and had used abusive language on the voyage down.

Telegraphic Briefs.

The President has appointed Joseph E. Lee to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Florida.

It has been decided to make Augusta. Ga., the headuarters of the army corps which is to be stationed in Georgia and South Carolina. Augusta is found to be the central point of the places named for

camps.

A private letter from an American citizen in close touch with the Cuban military command in Cuba says that great suffering prevails in Habana for the lack of food. Some people are dying on the streets, and many others, who are unable to go out and beg, are dying in the houses. Baltimore and Petrel to Protect

the houses.

Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, called on the President yesterday with a delegation, and asked him to locate one of the army camps at either Raleigh, Greenshoro', Charlotte, or Asheville. The party had a conference with the Attorney-General and with the Interior Department authorities, looking to the location of a Federal prison at Asheville.

dered the Secretary of the Navy to send two warships from Manila to China. The vessels selected for this undertaking are Federal prison at Asheville.

The reported intention of the United States Government to retain the whole of the Philippine Islands has created almost a state of stupification at Manila. It is semi-officially announced there that the Spanish Government has resolved to vigorously combat any such action, which, it is claimed, the terms of the peace protocol preclude.

peace protocol preclude.

The barkentine Wandering Jew, from Philadelphia for Galveston, with a cargo of coal, lies in six fathoms of water off Long Island, near Charleston. The vessel sprang a leak in a hurricane on Saturday, and tried to go to Charleston, but was forced ashore. The captain and crew took to the rigging and remained in a perilous position until rescued by the Charleston tug, John Harlin.

Representative Elliott, of South Caro lina, called at the Navy Department yes-terday to request that some representa-tive American warship be ordered to Charleston. S. C., to take part in the peace jubiles to be celebrated there on the 24th instant. Secretary Long was not able at this time to say what the de-partment would be able to do in the mat-ter, but made a general promise that some ships would be sent to Charleston if it should be possible for it to be done.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—The President has appointed Dr. David J. Hill, of Rochester, First Assistant Secretary of State, to succeed John Bassett Moore, resigned. Dr. Hill is president of Rochester University, is a scholarly gentleman, and is particularly known through his connection with international law. He has taken a prominent part in New York politics, and has delivered many public addresses during recent campaigns. He is now in Holland, but is expected to return at once, having accepted the position tendered him. thould be possible for it to be done.

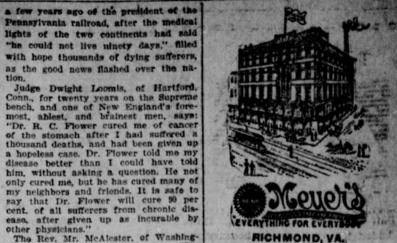
The following dispatches have been received at the War Department: "Manila. October 3.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Deaths among the troops in Philippines July, August, and September, four afficiers, eighty-three enlisted men. August, two officers, fifty enlisted men. of whom one officer and sixteen enlisted men were killed in action and seven died of wounds. Deaths for September, twenty-five enlisted men. Total deaths, seventeen killed in action, seven died of wounds, fourteen typhold-fever. Cause of remaining deaths, accident and miscellaneous diseases. (Signed) OTIS."

"Manila. October 3.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Steamer Scandia arrived without accident. Private Jacobs, hospital corps, died at sea, typhold-fever. Remains brought here. (Signed) OTIS, Commanding."

court-martial at Jacksonville
Several of the Fourth Illinois officers were today published from corps headquarters.

Wednesday Club's First Meeting.

The first meeting of the Wednesday Club this season will be held on Friday evening next at the Young Men's Christian Association. The night has been changed for this week only on account of the strong counter attractions in the city and at Newport News. On Friday members are requested to attend the rehearsal and take with them others who desire to join as active members of the club.



FURNITURE

Added to the General Sale of Furniture a Sale of Samples.



Only one of each kind, at \$10.75, \$11.75, \$12.75, \$17, \$22, and \$24, being about one Yourth less than usual prices.
Our Furniture prices are creating a stir among purchasers. among purchasers. 810,000 EXHIBIT OF ORIENTAL TURKISH RUGS.

Mr. Dildarien will be here for a few-days with a collection of Genuino Oriental Rugs, costing ten thousand dollars, which he has for sale, but lovers of this fine art are invited to view the collection free of charge. Ha will clean and repair any Oriental Rugs at a small cost.

TO THE LAUNCHING TO-DAY.

The Governor and Staff to Go Down in a Special Car. Governor Tyler and staff will go to

Newport News to-day to witness the launching of the battleship Illinois. The party will travel in a special car, attached to the train which leaves here

at 8 o'clock. The car was tendered the Governor by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, and the offer was accepted, with appreciation of the company's courtesy.

The Governer and members of the staff will leave the Mansion in carriages at 7:30 o'clock this morning, and will be driven to the Broad-Street Station. Private Secretary Owen went to Newport News yesterlay afternoon to look after arrangements for the reception of the Executive and staff. The party will return to-morrow night after the banquet. Governor Tanner, of Illinois, and Miss

Governor Tanner, of Illinois, and Misa Leiter, who is to christen the battleship, passed through Richmond yesterday, en route for Newport News, accompanied by several hundred Illinoisians. The attendance from this city will be very large.

ENLISTING AS REGULARS.

A Large Number of Richmond Men Enter the Army.

Major Hurtz, the United States reruiting officer, in charge of the station enlisted twenty-two men last This is by far the largest number ever sent from Richmond in one month.

There are said to be many men in the Second and Third regiments who wish to enter the regular service, and it is probable that Major Hurtz, will corral a number of these this month, when the regiments are mustered out. Private Joseph M. Hannan, Company

P. Fourth Virginia Regiment, is home on a furlough. Mr. Hannan is greatly sed with camp life,

He says the fare for the well and the medical attention for the sick are all a man could ask. Captain Causey, he says, is the best officer in the Seventh

A Slot-Machine Stelen

Officer McMahon on yesterday arrested a negro named Charles Bonaparte on the charge of entering the place owned by C. T. Noble, No. 1004 west Broad street, and carrying off a stot-machine valued at \$50 and containing \$18. Homocopathic Dispensary.

The Ladies' Board of Managers of the Homoeopathic Free Dispensary will meet this morning at 11 o'clock, instead of this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A good attendance is desired, as this is the first meeting of the fall.

Personals and Briefs. Ex-Congressman J. B. Richmond, of Lee

Pickett Camp's meeting last night was devoted exclusively to routine business. Miss Rosa Beckman has returned to the city after a pleasant visit to Baltimore. Miss Rosa Bicker, who has been visit-ing friends in Baltimore and Washington, has returned, looking exceedingly well.

St. Mary's Social and Beneficial Union will have its annual outing at the farm of Mr. Joseph Middendorf, in Chesterfield on October 11th. Mr. Aylett W. Goddin left last night via the Southern railway for Mobile, Ala., to represent the Southern Manufacturing Company.

Mrs. Laura V. Kenney and daughter have returned to the city, after a most pleasant stay in New York city of seve-ral weeks.

Lieutenant Thornton D. Fairlamb, of Company M. Second Virginia Regiment who was taken suddenly ill at Pable Beach, is reported as very much improved A letter from Alexandria says Mr. Van Dyke Johns continues critically ill, though he is holding up well in strength, and his friends are yet hopeful of his ultimate

Judge John W. Riely, of the Supremo Court of Appeals, who is ill with a throat affection, is now much improved, and strong hopes are entertained for his speedy recovery.

At the meeting of the Sons of Veteral last night, a committee was appointed make preparations for the address of M. L. Royall, to be delivered before to camp on the Mat Instant.

Mr. S. H. Richardson, of Chicago is in the city, and is being given a cordial greeting by his friends. Mr. Richardson married Miss Brockenbrough, of this city, and is quite well-known here.

Meetings having reference to the healing of the body in answer to prayer are held every Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at 603 east Main street. The meeting will take place as usual this afternoon.

Miss Mary Beil, soprano; Mr. Haddon S. Watkins, tenor, and Mr. J. W. Durham, basso, have been engaged for the choir of Grace-Street Baptist church. The alterndorganist have yet to be selected.

Rev. L. B. Turnbull, of Durham, N. C. will be the guest of Rev. Dr. J. Caivin Stawart and wife, 310 west firace atreet during the exercises incident to the dedication of the new seminary buildings.

Mr. J. C. Robinson is quite ill at bis home with malaria, and while he is temporarily confined to his bed, Mr. F. L. Womack is watching the premises of his patrons on Main. Cary, and other streets. Mr. W. A. Dabney, who has for seven years been local manager of the Western Union in this city, has been transferred to enother branch of the service, and the office he held has been abolished. Mr. Dabney has made thousands of friends during his connection with the Western Union.

Richmonders in New York. NEW YORK, October 2.—Special.)— B. Gay and wife, Grand; W. J. Winers Martborough; I. Thalhimer, Albert; M. Rosenbaum, S. T. Morgan, Hoffmas; V. Carrington, Holland.